POLICY ANALYSIS

| Module designation | Policy Analysis |
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| Semester(s) in which the | 2 |
| module is taught | |
| Person responsible for the | 1. Andi H., Ph.D (Course Coordinator) |
| module | 2. Prof. Dr. apt. Umi Athiyah, M.S |
| | 3. Dr. apt. Abdul Rahem, M.Kes |
| Language | Bahasa Indonesia |
| Relation to curriculum | Compulsory / elective / specialisation |
| Teaching methods | lecture, discussion, assignment |
| Workload (incl. contact | (Estimated) Total workload: |
| hours, self-study hours) | Contact hours (structured activities.): 90,67 hours |
| | Private study including independent learning activites: 90,67 |
| | hours |
| Credit points | 2 SCU / 6 ECTS |
| Required and recommended | NA |
| prerequisites for joining the | |
| module | |

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| Module objectives/intended learning outcomes | Students are: LO1: Able to realize excellence based on religious morals (excellence with morality), able to work together, and show a responsible attitude to work in their field of expertise independently LO2: Able to internalize the spirit of independence, struggle, and entrepreneurship LO4: Able to develop a pharmaceutical professional performance with analytical acumen in solving pharmaceutical problems and managing research in the pharmaceutical problems and managing research in the pharmaceutical field related to national and global systems and policies, both inter and inter-disciplinary approaches. LO5: Able to access and review information through an Information and Communication Technology (ICT) system, decide on a specific subject of study, maintain the feasibility of implementing research designs, conduct research, analyze data, conclude research results comprehensively, and create strategic issues based on the study that reflect the latest updates in the field of pharmaceutical sciences, and communicate them in the media and scientific forums at the national and international level through an interdisciplinary or multidisciplinary approach in the form of a thesis or other equivalent forms. LO6: Able to make decisions in the context of solving problems related to science and technology development based on analytical or experimental studies through collaboration with colleagues, colleagues in institutions and research communities at both national and international levels and utilizing research results for the benefit of the user and other communities. LO10: Able to develop pharmaceutical management systems and policies related to the referral health care system and the role and function of pharmacists as an integral part of the health care team in order to improve community welfare. LO14: Able to build drug management systems from active pharmaceutical ingredients to finished products that are |
| Content Exams and assessment formats | ready for therapeutic uses. This course will be delivered by lecture method, literature review, case discussion and presentation of case analysis results. The material discussed includes an introduction to the science of policy and public administration, concepts & scope of health and pharmaceutical policies, policy structures-processes-outcomes, national health systems- global-national pharmaceutical sector situations and the roles of stakeholders, policy planning and challenges, policy implementation and problems , analysis and evaluation of policies, formulation of alternative policies, functions and roles of an organization and the behavior of individuals and groups within an organization <i>Final exam (100 minutes), take-home written assignments</i> |
| Study and examination requirements | the final grade in the module is composed of 50% performance on final exams and 50% take-home assignments. Students must have a final grade of 70% or higher to pass |
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| Peading list | 1. Babar, Z. 2017. Pharmaceutical Policy in Countries with |
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| Reading list | |
| | Developing Healthcare Systems. Springer International |
| | Publishing. United Kingdom |
| | 2. Bardach, E. A Practical Guide for Policy Analysis: The |
| | Eightfold Path to More Effective Problem Solving. CQ |
| | Press; 4 th Edition (2012) |
| | 3. Buse, K., Mays, N., Walt, G., Making Health Policy. Open |
| | University Press; 1 st Edition (2005) |
| | 4. Fischer, F., Miller, G.J., Sydney, M.S. 2007. Handbook of |
| | Public Policy Analysis: Theory, Politics and Methods. |
| | CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group. USA. |
| | 5. Seiter, A. 2010. A Practical Approach to Pharmaceutical |
| | Policy. The International Bank for Reconstruction and |
| | Development / The World Bank.Washington DC |
| | 6. Wholey, J.S., Hathry, H.P., Newcomer, K.E. |
| | 2010.Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation. 3 rd |
| | Edition. Jossey Bass. |
| | 7. Peraturan Pemerintah RI No. 51 Tahun 2009 tentang |
| | Praktek KefarmasiaN |
| | 8. Peraturan Pemerintah RI No 72 Tahun 2012 tentang |
| | Sistem Kesehatan Nasional |
| | |
| | 9. Locke, E.A. ed., 2009. Handbook of principles of |
| | organizational behavior. |
| | 10. Altman, S., Valenzi, E. and Hodgetts, R.M., 2013. |
| | Organizational behavior: Theory and practice. Elsevier. |
| | 11. Borkowski, N., 2016. Organizational behavior in |
| | health care. Jones & Bartlett Publishers. |
| | 12. Wagner III, J.A. and Hollenbeck, J.R., 2014. |
| | Organizational behavior: Securing competitive |
| | advantage. Routledge. |